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Kinte SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1901.

### WORLD'S-1903 -FAIR. BITTER IN IMPOTENCE.

It would be impossible for any news-

paper less venomous in its political prejudices than the Globe-Democrat to use the shooting of President McKinky for the purpose of gaining a political adfought in the open.

The Globe is now engaged in a characteristically indecent effort to prove that the utterances of the Democratic national platform and of Democratic newspapers are responsible for the anarchist Czolgosz's crime against the President and the American Government. There is nothing but an appeal to the blindest passion in this cowardly effort. It seems to assume that there is a large element of American citizenship to be reached and influenced by such means. The Globe apparently does not care that the means are dishonest and degrading.

It is not necessary to enter a plea in defense against the Globe's cowardly insinuations. The Republic presents the Globe's performance to the world as a striking illustration of the depths to which a once great and powerful newspaper can descend in its time of decadence. The Globe's dissolution has reached the stage of offensive decay. The time now seems to have arrived when holding the nose is a necessity of close contact with such an organ.

#### IRREGULARS.

It is amusing to see the Globe-Democrat pet and coddle the leaders of the Allied Third party who propose to hold a convention in Hansas City on Tuesday. Wednesday and Thursday of next week. This solicitude of Republicans for the offspring of the Populists and Lee Meriwether's Municipal Ownership party can be taken in only one way.

There is only one hope for the Republicans in Missouri. Before they can ever dream of success in this State they will have to divide the Democratic party. To that end, they paid the campaign last fall. In St. Louis, they gave up their good money to Mr. Meriwether in the hope that he could save the day for Ziegenhein and the gang.

As has been foreseen from the first, the Allied Third party movement is made up of these agents of the Republicans. Next week's convention will he sided and shetted by Republicans. If there shall appear to be a deficiency in the number of delegates, Kansas City | a President's sudden removal from the Republicans will be called upon to fill delicate balances of public affairs. the vacant chairs. They have acted as chair-warmers in the past. They probably will have to do so at the coming

There will be no Democrats present. They know that the whole scheme of the k-Meriwether crowd is a trick. They will not lend themselves to the selfish ends of the leaders in the movement They are not so easy as the Globeocrat would make believe.

# HELL DO HIS DUTY.

It will strike the average reader that the Globe-Democrat's vehement call upon Governor Dockery to do his duty in seeing that the State Auditor's forththat the expenditures have been in accordance with the State Constitution is somewhat superfluous and tainted with characteristic insinuation of contemplated trickery on the Governor's part.

Governor Dockery has repeatedly proven to the people of Missouri that he may at all times be confidently counted upon for the full and faithful performance of his duty. His career in public life, indeed, has been a singularly high exemplification of faithfulness to duty and an unfailing sense of responsibility to constituents. Equally marked has been his invariable regard for the truth and for the correctness of any state ment of fact which it was necessary for him to make to the people. Loyalty to a public trust and honesty of dealing with others and with himself are Dockery

Governor Dockery has also shown the Globe-Democrat that he is prompt to perceive and to perform his duty. When the Globe preferred its slanderous charge that the State books were crooked and that their examination would reveal the facts of crookedness and looting of State funds, Governor Dockery instantly threw open the books to the Globe and earnestly invited that newspaper to inspect them. When the Dockery instructed the State Auditor to prepare an exhibit of the public-debt reelpts and disbursements from 1871 to 1901, the entire period of Democratic ouri's affairs. He conidered that this duty was demanded of him by the Globe's charges, even though the Globe discredited its own charges by refusing to Inspect the State books hich it claimed would sustain those

versor Dockery will see to it that the State Auditor's public-debt exhibit

THEST. LOUIS REPUBLIC on for this performance of his duty. The Globe-Democrat will probably stand alone in its dissatisfaction at the showing then to be made. But who could expect the Globe to be satisfied with an exhibit which convicts the Globe of deliberately misrepresenting facts for the sole purpose of creating prejudice against the objects of its own venomous malice?

#### A GOOD MAN.

This is not the time for a cold analysis of the successful career closed last night by death. To-day there will only be frightful murder and mourning over the nation's loss of a President who had will elapse, indeed, before the direct influence of Mr. McKinley's personal abilities upon measures and events can be assigned to its place in history. Whether he was a good-tempered, unimaginative, the Illinois exhibit, passive instrument of more aggressive spirits or a cool, far-seeing director of men and affairs-both estimates have been advanced by intelligent observerscould not yet be settled, even if the season were appropriate.

He has been a unique figure, in that, though nationally prominent for many years, little is known of the part he played in council; for he has always acted in concert with other leaders, and as an element of organization rather than individually and as a dashing, invantage over a party which has always dependent thinker with whom organsider a course. The difference can be seen by comparing him with his immediate predecessor, James G. Blaine: General Harrison having never been accepted as a party leader. It is from the inner history of the council-room that Mr. McKinley must be judged when the time arrives for measuring his

We know that he was, when in Congress, the most popular of Republicans among Democrats; and that fact speaks eloquently of the fine human quality of the late President. We know that in all sections of the country, among all the races and sects of which our nation is composed, he was esteemed and respected. This is a still higher evidence of the breadth of his humanity. We know that few of our Presidents have ever been so well understood and trusted by foreign governments. Here is another proof of a high-minded discretion and a well-developed sense of fitness.

Therefore, we can all take pride in the life of this born American. If it is one of the chief duties of lofty station to set an example of flawless private virtue then William McKinley in one qualification ranks a peer among the most beneficent of great men. He has never been guilty of excess; has never needed hypocrisy in himself or white lies from his associates to conceal any of those vate. Like Queen Victoria, he has blessed the world with a compulsion of purity and sobriety in his circle, whether or not his memory is to live as that of a potent captain of political bosts.

A united people, therefore, does in all sincerity mourn the untimely death of the man, while it feels the evil shock of

Of his intellectual gifts, it is enough to know, whatever may be the crystallized opinion of later students, that he did not fall below the standard of the most conspicuous position. Of his moral qualities, the whole world should rejoice to know that they were as stainless as they were unaffected. His life was a bulwark of optimism, and his fame will so endure. It is no new thing when a brilliant and ambitious man forces his way to the seat of power. It strengthens weakening confidence in mankind's moral vigor when a good man is raised to ning financial exhibit is correct and power, and wields it with credit to himself and to his people.

# CELEBRATE THE DAY.

There should certainly be a public celebration of the acceptance from the city by the Louislana Purchase Exposition Company of the World's Fair site in Forest Park, and the occasion should be made properly impressive.

The date suggested for this formal ceremony, October 1, is eminently suitable and it is to be hoped that the matter will soon be definitely agreed upon and the announcement made. The cele bration would unquestionably attract a large attendance. It could also legitimately be used as an occasion for as full an outlining of World's Fair plans as is possible at this time.

The execptional interest manifested in the World's Fair of 1903, both in this country and Europe, warrants the belief that the peoples of both hemispheres are keenly awake to the significance of that undertaking and that they will receive with profound attention every authoritative expression concerning World's Fair work. It will be wise to keep the world steadily informed as to the progress of the great cuterprise. Universal interest will be vastly stimulated thereby. The final result will mean an increased World's Fair attendance. The nearest opportunity for World's Fair work in this field is found in the proposed celebration of the acceptance of the World's Fair site. The opportunity should not be neglected.

GOOD WORK IN ILLINOIS.

It is in order to congratulate the peo ple of Illinois and also to felicitate the World's Fair management on the very helpful action being taken by the Illinois

exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Ex-

position in 1903. The Executive Committee of the Illi nois Farmers' Institute, acting by authority of a recent resolution adopted by that organization, has now formally in vited a special attendance at a confer ence to be held in the Assembly Hall, Dome Building, on the Illinois State Fair Grounds, at 10 a. m. on October 3, for the purpose of discussing and devis ing ways and means of making the best possible showing of the resources and products of Illinois at the World's Fair.

The special attendance requested at this conference is that of the Illinois State Board of Agriculture, the State Horticultural Society, the Live Stock revived horror and indignation at the Breeders' Association, the Dairymen's Association, the Corn Growers' Association, the Agricultural Press Association. the Bee Keepers' Association, the Tile been always a respected citizen. Years Makers' Association, the College of Agriculture, the Poultry, Pigeon and Pet Stock Association and the Sugar Beet Growers' Association. This will mean a comprehensive representation of interests vitally concerned in the success of

There will doubtless be a hearty re sponse to the invitation thus issued, and the result of the conference cannot but be to the great advantage of the State of Illinois. The resolution adopted by the Iffinois Farmers' Institute points out the benefit to be derived from such co-operation as is therein proposed. The con sequent invitation deserves and will un questionably receive the helpful attention of the various State associations to whom it is addressed.

#### STATUTES NEEDED.

Public sentiment against anarchists is such that there should be no difficulty in securing the enactment of laws that will ization must reckon before it could con- make their punishment possible. Ex-Attorney General Griggs has outlined a policy which, if followed by all the States, seems to be the best remedy for an evil that must be stamped out of existence in the United States.

It will be necessary for each State to take action. Mr. Griggs advises that the simplest plan would be to pass a law making it a felony for any person to belong to a society or organi zation advocating murder of officials as a remedy for either real or imaginary evils in society or government.

At the present time there is no law in the United States under which Emma Goldman, Herr Most, the Isaaks and others of their ilk can be punished. They and their associates are openly in favor of violence. In their eyes Czolgosz is a hero. The man who murders an officer of the law is worthy of emulation. The ballot has no place in their gospel of

universal license. For Missouri, we can assure the country that the people wish the odium of anarchy removed from every place in the State. This country must be made so warm for the Goldmans and Isaaks that they cannot find a footbold. There are active anarchists in St. Louis who cannot be touched by any law. Mr. Griggs has pointed out the way of their

Globe-Democrat solicitude as to Gov. ernor Dockery's performance of his duty in the public-debt exhibit matter but thinly veils the Globe-Democrat fear that he will perform it only too well.

As between the reliability of facts and figures from Governor Dockery and the shortcomings which society condemns Globe-Democrat an observant Missouri born in the north of England fifty years nublic will accent the Governor's every ago, and started in life as a mechanical s of Mr. Cook and his associates aloud, though it often condones in pri- public will accept the Governor's every

> Missouri Democrats ask nothing bet ter than a Missouri campaign on the Globe-Democrat issues of the School Fund and public-debt management.

Emma Goldman should at least be so disposed of that her murderous mouth ings will not bereafter lead her hearers to shoot down an American President.

It may yet be discovered by the Com bine that a firm and resolute Mayor backed by an indignant public, is a dis astrous obstacle to run up against. It is now apparent that the Globe

Democrat proposes to have a regular orgy of mudslinging as the concluding paroxysm of its slander-campaign. It seems curious to people out in the State that the Globe-Democrat can see

no evil in ward politics and no good in State politics or inhabitants. Old Ananias expresses a sudden dislike for State Auditor Allen. It is charac teristic of slanderers to dislike those

who convict them of slander. Recognizing the State Auditor as the official whom it has reason to fear, the Globe-Democrat promptly begins to

slander the State Auditor. Let's make a big World's Fair demon stration of the public ceremonies of accepting the World's Fair site from the

municipal government. There is no more imperative duty now confronting the Federal and State Governments than that of crushing anarchy in the United States.

Czolgosz's bloody crime was the result of anarchist plots. The punishment of his accomplices should be as certain and inevitable as his own.

It ought to be a point of honor with St. Louisans to break the record in meeting that second assessment on World's Fair subscriptions.

member that officers and gentlemen con-Judging from the difficulty of locating it, that Venezuelan fleet said to have combarded a Colombian port must be of

Now that the Schley Court of Inquiry

has begun work it's well for us to re-

a submarine type. Senator Wellington of Maryland seems in a fair way to gain notoriety as the most universally shunned American of his generation.

Missouri's State Fair at Sedalla has been a brilliant success in keeping with prominent hotelkeeper, visited the offices of the Missouri record for unboastful thoroughness.

Anarchists in the United States have themselves drawn the dead line. And is an above and true and correct ex- Farmers' Institute in the matter of in- they stand on the wrong side of the



# **HOST OF STRICKEN PRESIDENT** WAS BORN AN ENGLISHMAN.

John George Milburn of Buffalo, Lawyer, Genial Companion and Ardent American, Came to This Country Thirty-One Years. Ago.

Buffalo, Sept. 13.-The name of John George Milburn, to whose beautiful home the wounded President was taken, has within the last ten days become known in every quarter of the globe where there is sympathy or anxiety for William McKinley. It is something that Mr. Milburn would not have sought or desired under ordinary circumstances, for he has always disliked everything that approached parade and notoriety, and has never put himself in the way of public applause.

For twenty years or more John G. Milburn has been known as one of the ablest lawyers in the western part of the State. In Buffalo he has belonged to that class of men who do not intrude themselves into public matters, but whose opinions, where given, count for much-the sort of man whom the newspaper reporters fly to when the soundest judgment upon the gravest af-fairs is to be had. When the business men of Buffalo decided to build the Pan-American Exposition it was this sort of man wanted at the head of the great undertaking, and they selected John G. Milburn because he was a glant intellectually, a gentleman always, and honest beyond the suspicion of any man's doubt.

Born in England. engineer, a profession in which his latner gained considerable prominence as the builder of the high level bridge at Ber-wick-on-Tweed, the Tyne docks at Newcas-tle, and other works. But young Milburn had made up his mind early in life that he wanted to be a lawyer, and, taking hasty and unexpected leave of the drafting-room, he salled for America in 1889, and soon found an opportunity to study law in the office of Wakeman & Watson, at Batavia,

In 1873, after four years of the most laborious preparation, he passed the bar ex-amination, but was not permitted to prac-tice because it was discovered that he had

conspicuous duties of this character at all important affairs in Buffalo.

As a lawyer he has for the last fifteen years been a member of the firm of Rogers. Locke & Milburn, the leading law firm in Buffalo, and has been retained in most of the important civil cases in the local courts in the last decade. He was within the last year retained by the defense to argue the appeal in the Molineux case, and he made a powerful argument for his client against David B. Hill, who appeared in the case for the District Attorney of New York.

In polities he is an old-style Democrat and supported McKinley each time he was a candidate against William J. Bryan. But he has never sought or accepted political honors. There has never been a time in ten years past when John G. Milburn could not have had almost any honor of a political character that the city or county could have given, but he seems without ambition in that direction.

Always Time for a Social Word.

Always Time for a Social Word.

Always Time for a Social Word.

Although a man capable of great achievement and a hard worker always, yet he has the sublime facuity of tiking life easy, and no matter how many the burdens upon his shoulders, or how great the mountains of work before him, he never falls to find time for a pleasant, deliberate word with the man who drops in upon him.

His beautiful home, at No. 1163 Delaware avenue, is a palace, wherein there is ever good fellowship and a hearty welcome for him who enters. Often it is a workshop of the busiest sort, but always it is John G. Milburn's home, and that means it is a place where whole-souled hospitality belongs with the atmosphere.

No- is he alone the maker of the atmosphere of hosvitality in the Delaware avenue home. Mrs. Milburn is a woman of the kindliest disposition, and has much of her husband's sturdiness of character. They have three sons John George, Jr., and Devereux, who are in Oxford University, England, and Ralph, who is much younger. The Milburn home is situated in one of the most delightful sections of Buffalo, on a broad avenue, where the morning sun and the fresh air from the park reach it unobstructed, and in all the land the unfortunate President could not have fallen in a spot where his every need would have been more carefully supplied.

Proud of His American Sons.

In 1872, after four years of the most laborious preparation, he passed the bar examination, but was not permitted to practice because it was discovered that he had not been in the country long enough to gain citizenship. His case was taken up by a number of influential men in the State, and a bill was introduced in the Legislature to waive his alienage and give him the privileges of full citizenship. The introduction of the bill aroused intense opposition, and, after a protracted storm of anti-British oratory in the Senate, the measure was passed and became chapter 7 of the laws pussed and became chapter 7 of the laws give the forts of those who sided in making him a citizen by the tenderest care of the nation's chief ruler that human hands could bestow.

Big, Candid and Cordial.

In appearance he is a type of the sturdiest manhood, both physicially and intellectually. He is 6 feet tall, well proportioned, with broad, regular features and the impress of character and determination upon every line. His manner is pleasant and cordial always, with a style of candor and deliberation that adds much to his force as a speaker, whether in serious argument or in lighter vein. As a public speaker he has a enjoyed great popularity for years, and is usually chosen for the most Proud of His American Sons.

# WARNING SENT NEW YORK POLICE THAT

ANARCHIST IS COMING TO KILL ROOSEVELT. • Berlin, N. H., Sept. 12.-Learning that a man who had left here this foreon for New York had declared that he was on his way to Washington to ♦ kill Vice President Roosevelt, Chief of Police Youngeliss has telegraphed the
 ♦ Chief of Police of New York to look out for him? The man was a foreigner. He tried to buy a ticket to Washington, but could not do so, and bought one for · New York.

POLICE WATCHING FOR THE FOREIGNER. New York, Sept. 13.-Captain Titus, Chief of Detectives of this city, said .

he had received a dispatch from the Chief of Police at Berlin giving the same information as that contained in the foregoing dispatch from Berlin. The dispatch described the man as being 5 feet 6 inches tall, smooth face, wearing a black sack cont and black derby hat. Captain Titus said he had detailed men at all railroad stations to watch for the man

Feeling Running High Against Emma Goldman and Friends.

Chicago, Sept. 13.-Chicago was quiet all evening. All ground all bulletin boards in different parts of the city large crowds gathered to get the latest news of the President's condition. There were many expressions of deep feeling against the murder, and not a few were leveled at the anarchists confined in the county jail here and toward Emma Goldman, who is held in the nnex of the Harrison Street Police Station There were no speeches, but the crowds particularly in the downtown districts, were in a dangerous temper, and had any of the anarchists, man or woman, been turned loose a killing would have followed as soon

as the crowd could have managed it. Three men, one of them the son of a the newspapers during the early part of the evening with a call written out and signed by all three stating that if there were efinite news of the death of President Mc-Kinley by 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. they wanted 10,000 men to meet them in front of the county jail and take steps to \_ lynch the anarchists confined in the build-

READY TO LYNCH ANARCHISTS. ing. Their call met with little response, although the general feeling was with them. There were no crowds around the jail or around the Harrison street station, nor were there any indications of any.

At the same time the police recognized the possibility of trouble, if authentic news should be received of the President's death. and announced themselves ready and able to protect their prisoners if any attack should be made against them.

"I look for no trouble," said Chief of Police O'Neil, "and I am positive there will be none in Chicago. If it comes, I am safe in saying that the prisoners will be pro-tected. At the same time I can sympathize with anybody who is inclined to avenge the President. There will be no trouble here, the country may be sure of that. It may be necessary, however, to keep them all up until after the President's funeral. If he should die. It would be murder to turn them loose, unless in the most secret manner"

A. A. Selktrk & Co.'s
Regular Saturday sale takes place every
Saturday morning at 10:30 o'clock at their
salesrooms, 186-16-12 Chouteau avenue. Immense quantities of furniture, carpets,
stoves and other miscellaneous articles are
sold at very hominal figures.

# "THERE WAS NO MISTAKE MADE."

-DOCTOR ROSWELL PARK.

Story of the Weakening of the Heart Which Brought About the President's Relapse, and Finally, His Death-Why Beef Juice and Toast Were Necessary-No Coffee Was Administered.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 12.-When the bulletins were issued that President McKinley had been able to take solid food, the country rejoiced. It was then believed certain

that he would recover rapidly.

When the builetin was issued which said that the stomach had refused to assimilate the solid food, the hearts of the country paused. The nation prepared itself for the worst news, which came. The food had generated a gas and the

pressure had influenced the action of the This was the startling message which

was given to the world. When the shock had passed the people asked who were to blame for giving the President solld food before he was in condi-

dition to receive it. Replying to this query, octor Roswell Park said: "The President was not given solid food before he could stand it. He was perfectly able to assimilate the food given him had it not been that the impoverished blood affected the heart. The heart refused to act properly without strong blood food, and

that was why the toast, soaked in hot beef juice, was given him. "He was not given coffee. He relished the the atmosphere.

No- is he alone the maker of the atmosphere of hospitality in the Delaware avenue denied. Everything known to medical

no mistake made."
DOCTOR MYNTER AGREES WITH DOCTOR PARK. Doctor Herman Mynter said:

condition to supply blood for the body until early this morning, when the extremities became chilled. The heart beats had been as usual, but the valves of the heart seemed to weaken so that the requisite amount of blood was not supplied the system.

nistake about that. I do not believe that

heart. It was believed from the first

the food in his stomach had much effect on

that his heart was weak, and that was why

ether was given him instead of chloroform

when Doctor Mann performed the opera-

"Everything known to medical and surgical science was done to get the heart into proper working order, not to use any scientific terms which the public would not unlerstand. "It was necessary that his mind should be

free from worry of any kind. It is reasonable to suppose that he has, in his conscious moments, worried over the conditi of his wife and has thought much of matters of state. To relieve him of those matters he was kept most of the day under opiates, which would not interfere with the ection of the heart.

"As to the food, I believe, with the other doctors, that it was wise to give him the enied. Everything known to medical tonst softened by the beef juice. He had President was always cheerful and appreciated the toast greatly. He had been strong enough to turn himself in bed with-

out injury and it was to be supposed that he could take solid food in a very modified "At the time solid food was given him he was able to take it. There can be no manner."

# MUCH PRAISE FOR G. B. CORTELYOU.

Young Private Secretary of the President Equal to Every Emergency.

# BOTH SKILLFUL AND CAREFUL

Cool and Quick in Decision When He Took Charge of Mr. Mc-Kinley After the Shooting.

Buffalo, Sept. 14.-Next to the physicians, Buffalo, Sept. 14.—Next to the physicians, tending to show that the assailant of who come in for unstinted praise for the president McKinley had accomplices are and skill they brought to the aid of came to light here to-day. Miss Mary George B. Cortelyou is the man for whom a prominent citizen of Warsaw, has those who have been watching the condition

One of the President's physicians says:

"Mr. Cortelyou is a man of brains, and said: what he knows he has at his finger tips. If 

"Although I was not in the Temple 

Cortelyou did nothing else during his life
of Music when the President was time than what he has accomplished during | shot, I was within hearing distance

is well deserved. When President McKinley was borne into the operating-room at the Emergency Hospital on the exposition to it. The following day, after the grounds a dozen physicians who happened President was shot, I recalled the into be present when the shooting took place rushed forward and offered their services.

Cortelyou, who had taken charge of everything, looked them over and said: "Gentlemen, you may all be capable men, but I • torney Penney her story, which was do not know you. I have dispatched a messenger for Mr. Milburn. When he arrives I & Myers, both of whom saw the red

will decide what course must be taken." When Mr. Milburn reached the spot a When Mr. Milburn reached the spot a shown by the fact that she was told few minutes afterwards Cortelyou asked not to mention the incident to newshim who in his judgment among those present was best able to act in the emergency. Mr. Milburn designated Doctor Mann, who at once made an examination of the Presi-dent's wounds and recommended an immediate operation

Shall I go aheal?" he said, turning to Mr. Cortelyou. "Begin at once," said the secretary, quiet-"Begin at once, said the secretary, it but firmly, and the Buffalo surgeon then performed an operation that is destined to become world famous. It was Cortelyou who sent for the ambulance; it was he who

the first lady of the land. This was done
in a gentle, skiliful manner, and when the
ambulance with the President arrived at
the house on Delaware avenue Mrs. McKinley was prepared.

Secretary Cortelyou decided that it
would be better for the suffering President and for his gentle wife that they
should see each other at the earliest possible opportunity, and he arranged the
first interview between them, an interview
that is now historical, demonstrating, as it
did, a fragile woman's self-control and selfobliteration.

Another of the President's physicians who
has watched with amazement this young
man's matchless management of arrains
during the past few days, said:

"Certelyou, how is it that you seem to
know so much about medicine and have
been able to divine almost by intuitos
what ought to be done in a case of this
sort?"

"Eighteen years ago," replied Cortelyou.

"Eighteen years ago," replied Cortelyou, with a smile, "I made stenographic reports of a number of famous clinics at the New York Hospital. I then noted what was done in emergency cases and how absolutely essential it was for the patient to be operated on almost immediately after being wounded."

#### =-----I WOMAN SAYS SHE SAW RED FLAG WAVE. \*

Warsaw, Ind., Sept. 13.-An incident McKinley. Private Secretary | Simons, a daughter of W. H. Simons of the chief executive have most admira- | that she voluntarily appeared before • District Attorney Penney, through •

time than what he has accomplished during
the past few days, he must, nevertheless,
always be rated as a great man."

The praise accorded to this modest man
The praise accorded to this modest man
well deserved. When President McKin-

corroborated by her sister and Miss flag. That the authorities attached some significance to her statement is

#### HARD TASK FOR POLICE.

· paper reporters at Buffalo.

So Far Unable to Connect Czol gosz's Movements With Goldman.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 13.-The police have failed absolutely to in any way connect Czolgosz's movements with those of Emms who sent for the ambulance; it was he who ordered that the President should be taken to the Milburn residence, remembering, as he did, how successful Mrs. McKinley had been treated at the quiet home of Mr. Scott in San Francisco.

It was Cortelyou, also, who remembered Mrs. McKinley, and asw to it that she should not be told about the attack upon the President until after the completion of the operation, when he notified Doctor Rivery by telephone to break the news to